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## 01. Introduction

### Introduction



## **Crowd Crush Accident**

An accident in which people crush and kill or injure people as they put pressure against each other such as multiple crowds falling down



2015 Hajj Tragedy

(Sept. 24, 2015)

Death: 2,177 persons

Injury: 934 persons

A Crowd Crush Accident that occurred in Mecca, Saudi Arabia while Hajj<sup>1)</sup> was in progress

1) Hajj: Participating in religious rituals while visiting the Holy Land

Packs: 6

Astroworld Festival Tragedy

(Nov. 5, 2021)

Death: 8 persons

Injury: 300 persons

A Crowd Crush Accident that occurred during the Astroworld Festival, a music event hosted by NRG Park at Houston, Texas (US)

### Introduction



## **Crowd Crush Accident**

An accident in which people crush and kill or injure people as they put pressure against each other such as multiple crowds falling down





Itaewon Tragedy

(Oct. 29, 2022)

Death: 156 persons

Injury: 152 persons

A Crowd Crush Accident that occurred in Itaewon-dong, Yongsan district, Seoul, South Korea



## 02. Necessity

## **Necessity**

#### ① Cause of crowd crush accidents

Because a great number of people gather at a certain area for a religious event, political event, and other events.

#### 2 Countermeasure

If a large number of people flock together, evacuate the site immediately, or if unable to evacuate, respond to crowd crush accident based on emergency instructions.

#### ③ Problem

People cannot identify overcrowded areas in real-time or are unable to know all the information about areas expected to be crowded.

#### **4** Solution

The local government or state institution must manage overcrowded areas in real-time and prevent an accident beforehand by providing information about overcrowding to the general public.

## CROWDWATCHER Capable of preventing casualty accidents through management of overcrowded areas in real-time and taking preventive measures Manages overcrowded areas in real-time Provides alarm in real-time when overcrowding occurs Provides alarm on direction of crowd movement in real-time Provides information on areas expected to be crowded. Manages image data of overcrowded situation Manages potentially overcrowded areas



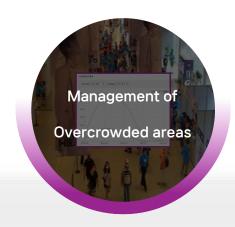
## 03. Overview

### **Overview**

Al-based counting solution with enhanced convenience and efficiency of overcrowding detection using intelligent image analysis technology based on CCTV images



Management of potentially overcrowded areas and provision of movement direction



- Event alarm is set off for control officer
  when overcrowding event occurs
- Concentrated management of potentially overcrowded areas based on HeatMap
- ✓ Provides direction of crowd movement
- Systematic management of overcrowded areas based on statistical data



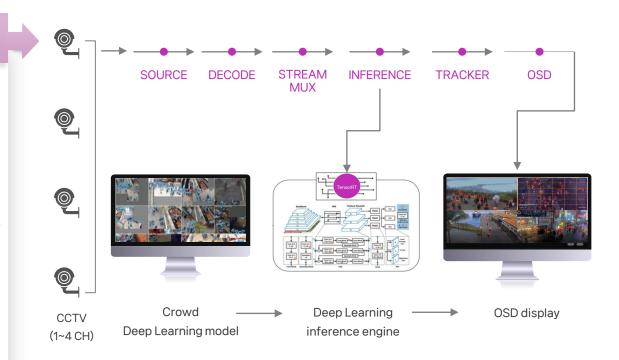
## 04. Main Technologies

## Main Technologies

01 - Overcrowding detection technology

## Overcrowding detection technology

- Deep Learning-based Crowd datalearning
- Data learning based on crowd deeplearning mode for enhancing crowd density detection rate
- Crowd detection within CCTV image
  - Detects crowd within current CCTV image using Deep Learning engine executed based on learned Deep Learning model to detect overcrowding within real-time video images

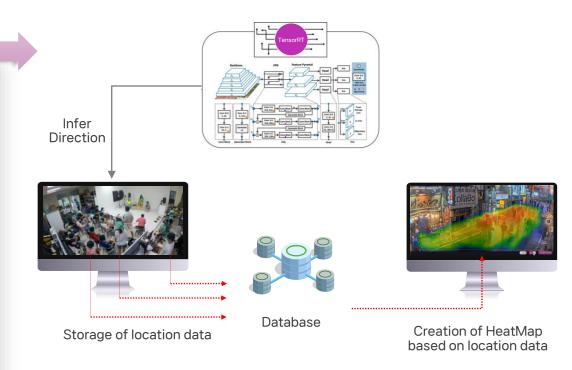


## Main Technologies

02 - Technology for creating HeatMap based on data from crowd location inference results

Technology for **generating HeatMap based on data** on crowd location inference results

- ✓ Location inference & storage
- Inference and storage of location of objects within CCTV video image using engine based on learned Deep Learning model.
- ✔ Provides HeatMap information based on location data
- Creates and displays HeatMap based on stored location data

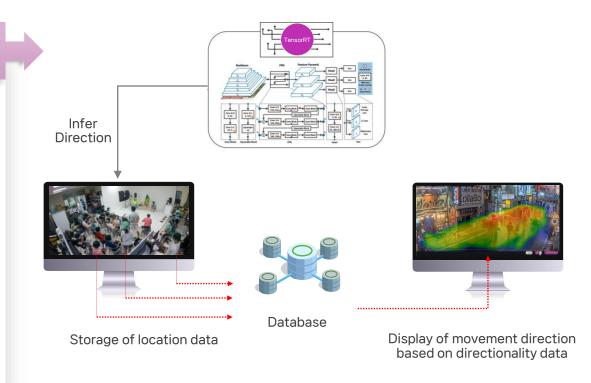


## Main Technologies

03 - Technology for displaying crowd direction based on crowd direction inference result data

Technology for displaying crowd direction based on crowd direction inference result

- ✔ Direction inference & storage
- Inference and storage of location of individuals within CCTV images using engine based on learned Deep Learning model
- Display of direction data
- Displays individual's movement direction based on stored directionality data





## 05. Major Functions

## **Major Functions**



Real-time alarm function for overcrowding



Function for providing crowd direction information



**<<**<<

Function for Recording and Replaying events



Concentrated management of potentially crowded area



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Statistics function



**<<**<<

Function for setting areas



01 - Function for real-time alarm of overcrowding

#### **Detailed Functions**

- Support of 4 channel CCTVs
- Detects overcrowding within CCTV video images
- If the number of crowd defined by a user is concentrated, red line blinks on the relevant CCTV.
- Quickly communicates the overcrowding situation to a police station and fire department using auto alarm function.
- Warns overcrowding situation to the general public in real-time using loudspeaker and warning lamp



## **Expected Effect**

 Capable of real-time identification of overcrowding and taking accident prevention measures.



4-Channel CCTV support



An event is indicated with red borders.

02 - Function for providing directionality information

#### **Detailed Functions**

- Detects directionality of individuals within CCTV images
- Provides real-time movement direction information of crowd within an area



## **Expected Effect**

Since the user can find out in which direction the crowd is currently moving, it is capable of responding to an overcrowding situation according to the direction of crowd movement.



Provides directionality info

03 - Timeline, Event Recording and Replay function

#### **Detailed Functions**



- Events are sorted in ascending order based on recent events
- Provides info on CCTV where event occurred, area, time of event, **captured thumbnail**.
- Replays video images when thumbnail is clicked

#### Event Recording & Replay Function

- Records video images, including time before and after an event in case of an overcrowding event
- Provides overcrowding situation video images by displaying recorded images according to user's request.



## **Expected Effect**

 Capable of systematic analysis of overcrowding situation based on provided images.





Provides **Timeline** 

Recording & replay of event

04 - Function for concentrated management of potentially crowded areas

#### **Detailed Functions**

- Indicates area with high crowd density in Heatmap.
- Classifies the stage of crowd density into red, yellow, and blue.



### **Expected Effect**

Capable of concentrated management of potentially overcrowded areas by providing intuitive Heatmap of crowd density information within images based on Deep Learning-based location information data.



05 – Statistics Function

#### **Detailed Functions**

- Provides statistics on areas and CCTVs displaying virtual thumbnails and videos.
- Provides statistics by day, week, month, weekday, and time slot based on the data of the number of crowds within an area.
- Visual statistics: Displays thumbnail list of individuals detected within statistics by CCTV and area, and provides video images of an event when a thumbnail is clicked.
- Numerical statistics: Provides numeric statistics by period that calculated the crowded mass of people.
- Data export function by statistics



### **Expected Effect**

- Capable of inducing installation of CCTVs and loudspeakers on areas where overcrowding is expected based on statistical data.
- ► Capable of identifying the situation before and after overcrowding based on visual statistics.
- Capable of efficient crowd dispersion management by checking date and time of overcrowding by period based on numerical statistics.



Statistics by date



Statistics by time slot



Statistics by CCTV



Result of statistics export

06 - Area setting function

#### **Detailed Functions**

- CCTV monitoring screen
- If 'Draw area' is clicked on the monitoring screen, Area Setting function can be used.
- Area setting function
- Whole area: Sets the area where overcrowding is detected on the entire screen.
- Guide: Sets area where overcrowding is detected by automatically dividing from 2×2 to 6×6 to fit the screen.
- Custom: Function in which the user directly divides and arranges the areas where overcrowding are to be detected.



### **Expected Effect**

Improved user satisfaction anticipated based on various detection area setting.



**CCTV** monitoring screen



Whole area setting



**Guide** area setting



**Custom** area setting



07. Operating Specification & System Configuration

## **Operating Specification & System Overvieew**

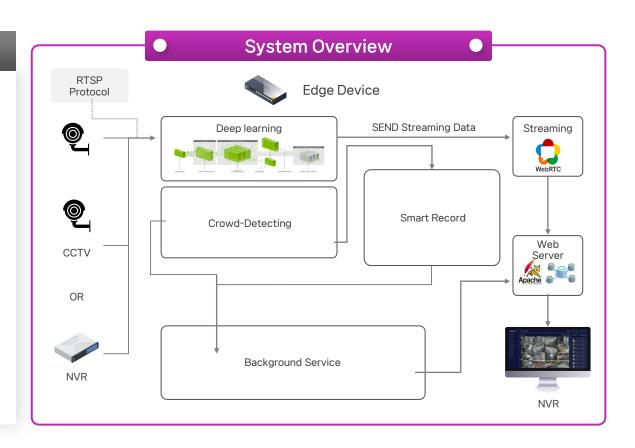
#### **Operating Specification**

#### Software Specification

- Ubuntu 18.04.6
- WEB: Apache Tomcat 8.5.76
- DB: MariaDB 10.1.48

#### ✓ Hardware Specification

- CPU: 8-core NVIDIA Carmel Armv8.2 64-bit
- Memory: 32GB
- DISK: 256GB SSD
- POWER: 8 ~ 35V DC Input
  (Opt Acc. 160W AC-DC Adapter)
- GPU: NVIDIA Volta architecture
- NIC: 10/100/1000 BASE-T Ethernet





## 08. Expected Effects

## **Expected Effects**

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Expected Effect

## Accident Prevention & Safety

- Prevents overcrowding accidents
- Concentrated & safety management of crowded areas
- Effect of managing crowd dispersion in overcrowded areas
- Reduces accident rate
- Secures golden time and ensures safety of the general public

## Expected Effect 02

# Economic cost reduction through preemptive response to accidents

- Effect of saving time and human resources inputted to solve accidents
- Effect of saving economic cost that may arise due to accidents

## Expected Effect **03**

### Enhanced Business Efficiency

- Enhances work efficiency based on video image analysis
- Reduces labor cost by improving working environment
- Quickly establishes work processing system



## 09. Service Scenarios

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## Service Scenario (Utilization plan 1)

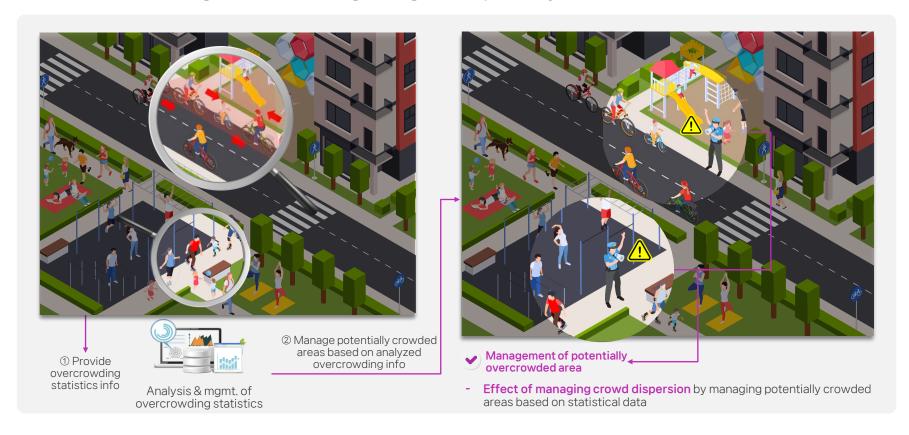
"Prevention of an accident by detecting overcrowding and direction of crowd movement in real-time, and managing potentially overcrowded areas"



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## Service Scenario (Utilization plan 2)

"Prevention of overcrowding and accidents through management of potentially crowded areas based on statistical data"



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